## Symbols and Units

 $\alpha_h, \alpha_m, \alpha_n$  transfer rate coefficients (Hodgkin-Huxley model)

 $\beta_h, \beta_m, \beta_n$  - " -

$\delta_s, \delta_v$	two-dimensional [m <sup>-2</sup> ] and three-dimensional [m <sup>-3</sup> ] Dirac delta functions
3	permittivity [F/m]
E	electromotive force (emf) [V]
Θ	conduction velocity (of wave) [m/s]
λ	membrane length constant [cm] (~ $\sqrt{(r_{\rm m}/r_{\rm i})} = \sqrt{(R_{\rm m}a/2\rho_{\rm i})}$ )
μ	magnetic permeability of the medium $[H/m = Vs/Am]$
μ, μ <sub>0</sub>	electrochemical potential of the ion in general and in the reference state [J/mol]
ν	nodal width [µm]
ρ	resistivity [ $\Omega$ m], charge density [C/m <sup>3</sup> ]
$\rho_i{}^b,\rho_o{}^b$	intracellular and interstitial bidomain resistivities $[k\Omega \cdot cm]$
$\rho_m{}^b$	bidomain membrane resistivity [k $\Omega$ ·cm]
$\rho_t^{\ b}$	bidomain total tme impedance [k $\Omega$ ·cm]
$\rho_i, \rho_o$	intracellular and interstitial resistivities $[k\Omega \cdot cm]$
σ	conductivity [S/m]
$\sigma_{i}^{\;b},\sigma_{i}^{\;b}$	intracellular and interstitial bidomain conductivities [mS/cm]
$\sigma_i,\sigma_o$	intracellular and interstitial conductivities [mS/cm]
τ	membrane time constant [ms] (= $r_m c_m$ in one-dimensional problem, = $R_m C_m$ in two- dimensional problem)
φ, θ	longitude (azimuth), colatitude, in spherical polar coordinates

Φ	potential [V]
$\Phi_{\rm i}, \Phi_{\rm o}$	potential inside and outside the membrane [mV]
$\Phi_{ ext{LE}}$	reciprocal electric scalar potential field of electric lead due to unit reciprocal current [V/A]
$\Phi_{\text{LM}}$	reciprocal magnetic scalar potential field of magnetic lead due to reciprocal current of unit time derivative [Vs/A]
Φ, Ψ	two scalar functions (in Green's theorem)
χ	surface to volume ratio of a cell [1/cm]
ω	radial frequency [rad] (= $2\pi f$ )
Ω	solid angle [sr (steradian) = $m^2/m^2$ ]
а	radius [m], fiber radius [µm]
ā	unit vector
A	azimuth angle in spherical coordinates [°]
A	cross-sectional area [m]
Ā	magnetic vector potential $[Wb/m = Vs/m]$
Ē	magnetic induction (magnetic field density) $[Wb/m^2 = Vs/m^2]$
$\overline{B}_{\rm LM}$	reciprocal magnetic induction of a magnetic lead due to reciprocal current of unit time derivative $[Wb \cdot s/Am^2 = Vs^2/Am^2]$
С	particle concentration [mol/m <sup>3</sup> ]
ē	lead vector
$c_i, c_o$	intracellular and extracellular ion concentrations (monovalent ion) [mol/m <sup>3</sup> ]
$c^{k}$	ion concentration of the $k^{\text{th}}$ permeable ion [mol/m <sup>3</sup> ]
c <sub>m</sub>	membrane capacitance per unit length [ $\mu$ F/cm fiber length]
С	electric charge [C (Coulomb) = As]
$C_{\rm m}$	membrane capacitance per unit area (specific capacitance) [ $\mu$ F/cm]
d	double layer thickness, diameter [µm]
$d_{\rm i}, d_{\rm o}$	fiber internal and external myelin diameters [µm]

$d\overline{S}$	outward surface normal
D	Fick's constant (diffusion constant) $[cm^2/s = cm^3/(cm \cdot s)]$
D	electric displacement [C/m <sup>2</sup> ]
Ε	elevation angle in spherical coordinates [°]
$\overline{E}$	electric field [V/m]
$\overline{E}_{ m LE}$	reciprocal electric field of electric lead due to unit reciprocal current [V/Am]
$\overline{E}_{\rm LM}$	reciprocal electric field of magnetic lead due to reciprocal current of unit time derivative [Vs/Am]
F	Faraday's constant [9.649·10 <sup>4</sup> C/mol]
F	magnetic flux $[Wb = Vs]$
$g_{ m K},g_{ m Na},$ $g_{ m L}$	membrane conductances per unit length for potassium, sodium, and chloride (leakage) [mS/cm fiber length]
G <sub>K</sub> , G <sub>Na</sub> , G <sub>L</sub>	membrane conductances per unit area for potassium, sodium, and chloride (leakage) $[mS/cm^2]$
$G_{ m Kmax}, \ G_{ m Namax}$	maximum values of potassium and sodium conductances per unit area [mS/cm <sup>2</sup> ]
$G_{\mathrm{m}}$	membrane conductance per unit area [mS/cm <sup>2</sup> ]
h	distance (height) [m]
h	membrane thickness [µm]
h, m, n	gating variables (Hodgkin-Huxley model)
Hct	hematocrit [%]
$\overline{H}$	magnetic field [A/m]
$\overline{H}_{\rm LM}$	reciprocal magnetic field of a magnetic lead due to reciprocal current of unit time derivative [s/m]
i <sub>m</sub>	membrane current per unit length [ $\mu$ A/cm fiber length] (= $2\pi a I_m$ )
<i>i</i> r	reciprocal current through a differential source element [A]
Ι	electric current [A]
Ia	applied steady-state (or stimulus) current [µA]

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$\overline{J}_{\rm LM}$	magnetic lead field due to reciprocal current of unit time derivative $[s/m^2]$
$\overline{J}_{\mathrm{LI}}$	lead field of current feeding electrodes for a unit current $[1/m^2]$ (in impedance measurement)
$\overline{J}_{\mathrm{LE}}$	electric lead field due to unit reciprocal current [1/m <sup>2</sup> ]
$\overline{J}_{\rm L}$	lead field in general [A/m <sup>2</sup> ]
$\overline{J}_{r}^{i}, \overline{J}_{t}^{i}$	radial and tangential components of the impressed current density $[\mu A/cm^2]$
$\overline{J}^{i}_{F}, \overline{J}^{i}_{V}$	flow (flux) and vortex source components of the impressed current density $[\mu A/cm^2]$
$\overline{J}_{i}, \overline{J}_{o}$	intracellular and interstitial current densities $[\mu A/cm^2]$
$\overline{J}^{i}$	impressed current density [ $\mu$ A/cm <sup>2</sup> ], impressed dipole moment per unit volume [ $\mu$ A·cm/cm <sup>3</sup> ]
$\overline{J}dv$	source element
$\overline{J}$	electric current density [A/m <sup>2</sup> ]
<i>j</i> D, <i>j</i> e	ionic flux due to diffusion, due to electric field $[mol/(cm^2 \cdot s)]$
<i>j</i> , <i>j</i> <sub>k</sub>	ionic flux, ionic flux due to the $k^{th}$ ion $[mol/(cm^2 \cdot s)]$
Is	stimulus current per unit area $[\mu A/cm^2]$
I <sub>rh</sub>	rheobasic current per unit area $[\mu A/cm^2]$
<i>I</i> <sub>r</sub>	total reciprocal current [A]
I <sub>mC</sub> , I <sub>mI</sub> , I <sub>mR</sub>	capacitive, ionic, and resistive components of the membrane current per unit area $[\mu A/cm_{\ }]$
i <sub>mC</sub> , i <sub>mI</sub> , i <sub>mR</sub>	capacitive, ionic, and resistive components of the membrane current per unit length $[\mu A/cm \text{ fiber length}] (= 2\pi a I_{mC}, = 2\pi a I_{mI}, = 2\pi a I_{mR})$
Im	membrane current per unit area $[\mu A/cm^2]$ (= $I_{mC} + I_{mR}$ ), bidomain membrane current per unit volume $[\mu A/cm^2]$
$I_{ m L}$	lead current in general [A]
$I_{\mathrm{K}}, I_{\mathrm{Na}}, I_{\mathrm{L}}$	membrane current carried by potassium, sodium, and chloride (leakage) ions per unit area [ $\mu$ A/cm <sub>s</sub> ]
$i_{\mathrm{K}},i_{\mathrm{Na}},i_{\mathrm{L}}$	membrane current carried by potassium, sodium, and chloride (leakage) ions per unit length [ $\mu$ A/cm fiber length]
<i>I</i> <sub>i</sub> , <i>I</i> <sub>o</sub>	axial currents [ $\mu A$ ] and axial currents per unit area [ $\mu A/cm^2$ ] inside and outside the cell

## K constant

## K(k), E(k) complete elliptic integrals

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R <sub>m</sub>	membrane resistance times unit area (specific resistance) $[k\Omega \cdot cm^2]$
$R_{\rm i}, R_{\rm o}$	axial resistances of the intracellular and interstitial media $[k\Omega]$
R	gas constant [8.314 J/(mol·K)]
<i>r</i> <sub>m</sub>	membrane resistance times unit length [k $\Omega$ ·cm fiber length] (= R <sub>m</sub> /2pa)
<i>r</i> <sub>i</sub> , <i>r</i> <sub>o</sub>	axial intracellular and interstitial resistances per unit length [kΩ/cm fiber length] ( $r_i = 1/\sigma_i \rho a^2$ )
r	radius vector
r	correlation coefficient
r	radius, distance [m], vector magnitude in spherical polar coordinates
$P_{\mathrm{Cl}}, P_{\mathrm{K}}, P_{\mathrm{Na}}$	membrane permeabilities of chloride, potassium and sodium iones [m/s]
Р	pressure [N/m]
p	electric dipole moment of a volume source [Am]
р	electric dipole moment per unit area $[Am/m^2 = A/m]$
$\overline{n}_{j}$	surface normal of surface $S_j$ directed from the primed region to the double-primed one
n	surface normal (unit length)
п	number of moles
$\begin{array}{c} M_1, M_2, \\ M_3 \end{array}$	peak vector magnitudes during the initial, mid, and terminal phases of the QRS- complex in ECG [mV] and MCG [pT]
М	vector magnitude in spherical coordinates
m	magnetic dipole moment of a volume source [Am <sup>2</sup> ]
L	inductance $[H = Wb/A = Vs/A]$
l	liter
l	length [m], internodal spacing [µm]
$\overline{K}_{j}$	secondary current source for electric fields $[\mu A/cm^2]$

S <sub>Cl</sub> , S <sub>K</sub> , S <sub>Na</sub>	electric current densities due to chloride, potassium and sodium ion fluxes $[\mu A/cm^2]$
t	time [s]
Т	temperature [° C], absolute temperature [K]
и	ionic mobility $[cm^2/(V \cdot s)]$
v	velocity [m/s]
v	volume [m <sup>3</sup> ]
V	voltage [V]
V'	deviation of the membrane voltage from the resting state [mV] (= $V_{\rm m}$ - $V_{\rm r}$ )
V <sub>c</sub>	clamp voltage [mV]
$V_{\rm L}$	lead voltage in general [V]
$V_{\rm LE}$	lead voltage of electric lead due to unit reciprocal current [V]
$V_{\rm LM}$	lead voltage of magnetic lead due to reciprocal current of unit time derivative [V]
V <sub>K</sub> , V <sub>Na</sub> , V <sub>L</sub>	Nernst voltages for potassium, sodium, and chloride (leakage) ions [mV]
V <sub>m</sub>	membrane voltage [mV] (= $\Phi_i - \Phi_o$ )
$V_{\rm r}$ , $V_{\rm th}$	resting and threshold voltages of membrane [mV]
V <sub>R</sub>	reversal voltage [mV]
Vz	measured voltage (in impedance measurement) [V]
W	work [J/mol]
X, Y, Z	rectangular coordinates
Ζ	valence of the ions
Ζ	impedance $[\Omega]$

The *List of Symbols and Units* includes the main symbols existing in the book. Symbols, which appear only in one connection or are obvious extensions of those in the list, are not necessarily included. They are defined in the text as they are introduced.